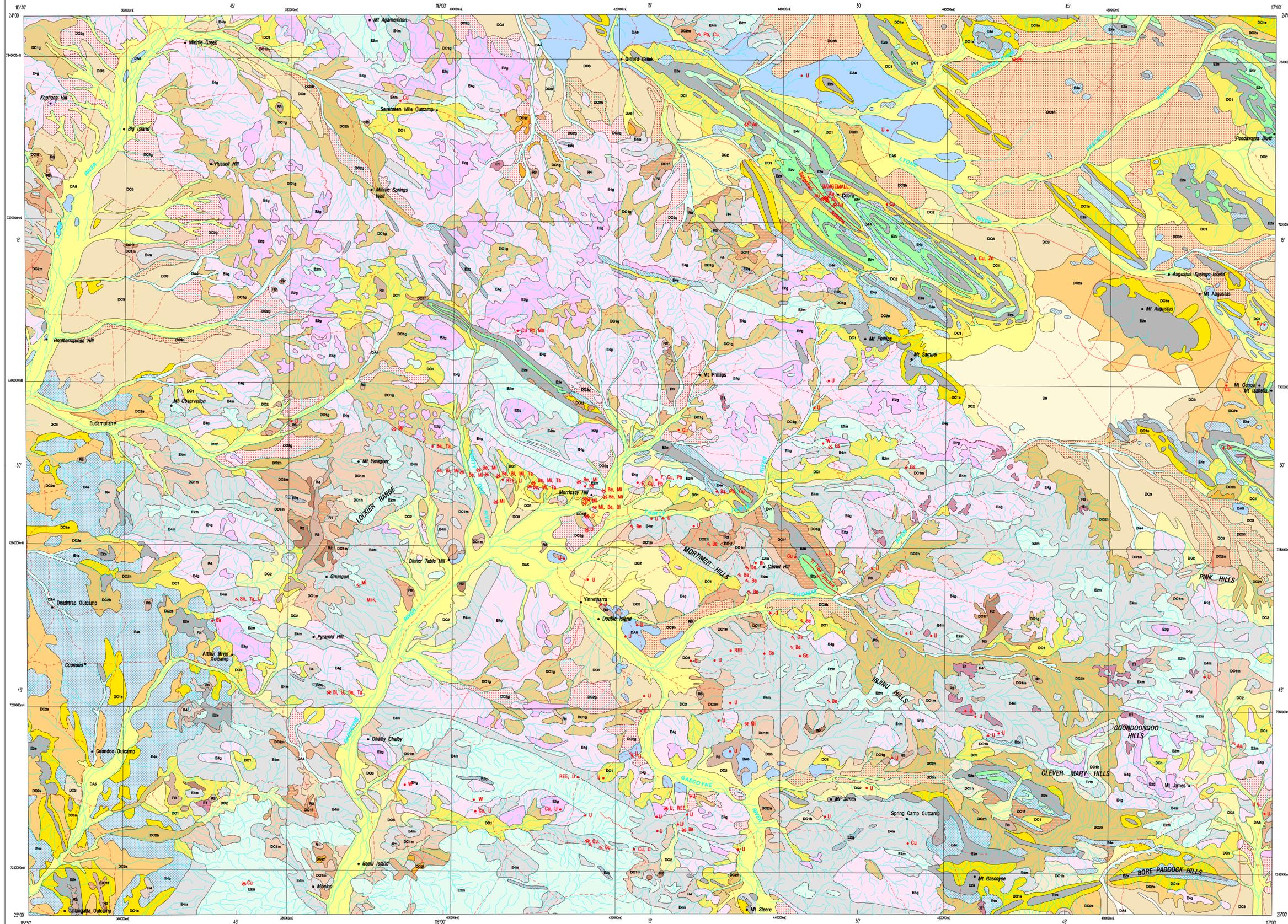


MOUNT PHILLIPS

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA

1:250 000 REGOLITH GEOCHEMISTRY SERIES

SHEET SG 50-2



RELICT REGIME

- R1 Ferruginous siltstone, granule, and nodules
- R2 Iron-rich duricrust forming resistant and surfaces
- R3 Silcrete, often wavy throughout, includes areas of silicified caliche and barite
- R4 Quartz-rich sand and silt overlying R1-R3 material; may be locally reworked

EROSIONAL REGIME

- E1 Mottled zone and apron, generally poorly exposed except in upland areas with local drainage
- E2a Gradual rock outcrop of apron and bedrock, and areas of outcrop with locally derived sands and silty clays. Coarse (bouldery) lag may be present adjacent to prominent ridges
- E2b Mottled zone outcrop of apron and bedrock, and areas of outcrop with locally derived sands and silty clays. Coarse (bouldery) lag may be present adjacent to prominent ridges
- E2c Sedimentary rock outcrop of apron and bedrock, and areas of outcrop with locally derived sands and silty clays. Coarse (bouldery) lag may be present adjacent to prominent ridges
- E2m Metamorphic rock outcrop of apron and bedrock, and areas of outcrop with locally derived sands and silty clays. Coarse (bouldery) lag may be present adjacent to prominent ridges
- E2p Prominent ridges, possibly quartz-filled shear zones
- E4g Gradual rock: Lag of locally derived ferruginous and/or lithic fragments in a sandy clay to sand-rich matrix, associated with actively eroding outcrops
- E4b Mottled zone: Lag of locally derived ferruginous and/or lithic fragments in a sandy clay to sand-rich matrix, associated with actively eroding outcrops
- E4c Sedimentary rock: Lag of locally derived ferruginous and/or lithic fragments in a sandy clay to sand-rich matrix, associated with actively eroding outcrops
- E4m Metamorphic rock: Lag of locally derived ferruginous and/or lithic fragments in a sandy clay to sand-rich matrix, associated with actively eroding outcrops

DEPOSITIONAL REGIME

DOMINANTLY COLLUVIAL

- DC1 Medium to coarse-grained detrital in sandy clay-rich matrix, generally in upland areas
- DC1g As for DC1 derived mainly from granitoid rock
- DC1s As for DC1 derived mainly from sedimentary rock
- DC1m As for DC1 derived mainly from metamorphic rock
- DC1f As for DC1 derived from various sources; strongly ferruginized clasts of variable composition
- DC2 Consolidated colluvium, reddish brown and poorly bedded, proximal to outcrop
- DC2f Fine to medium-grained detrital (sands 4-25 mm) mainly of lithic origin, in sandy clay colored matrix, generally topographically lower than DC1
- DC2g As for DC2 derived mainly from granitoid rock
- DC2s As for DC2 derived mainly from sedimentary rock
- DC2m As for DC2 derived mainly from metamorphic rock
- DC2b As for DC2 derived from various sources; strongly ferruginized clasts of variable composition
- DC2d Consolidated colluvium, reddish brown and poorly bedded, moderately distal to outcrop
- DC3 Sandstone dominated colluvium or shales; merges into alluvial plains (A4)
- DC3f Non-lithic ferruginous detritus (mostly <10mm), possibly magnetic, in red sandy clay. May include scattered gravel, position comparable with DC3
- DC3d Consolidated colluvium (hardpan); reddish brown and poorly bedded; distal to outcrop

DOMINANTLY ALLUVIAL

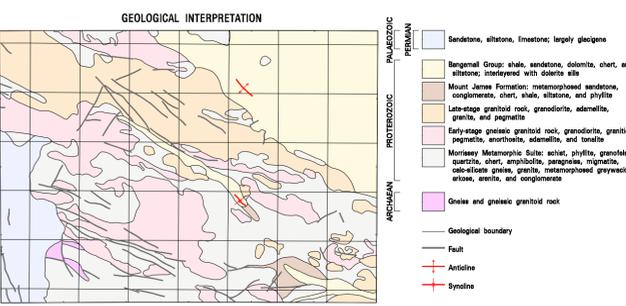
- DA4 Gravelly sand and sandy clay of active alluvial channels with mixtures of ferruginous and variably altered lithic fragments
- DA5 Sand or clay rich siltstone and colluvium on broad drainage floors, including overbank deposits and terraces. Includes non-saline claypanes, caliche fragments, and conglomerates
- DA8 Caliche; includes barite and silicified caliche

DOMINANTLY EOLIAN

- D6 Sand, silt or silt. May form dunes to thin sheets. May overlie channels, soil or barite

SYMBOLS

- Regolith boundary
- Minor road
- Track
- Breakaway
- Watercourse, ephemeral
- Homestead
- Locality
- Mining centre
- Mine, not being worked
- Opencut
- Opencut, not being worked
- Prospect
- Mineral occurrence
- Barite, Beryl
- Bismuth minerals
- Copper, Dravite, Fluorite
- Gold, Gemstones
- Lead, Lithium
- Mica, Molybdenum
- Rare Earth Elements
- Scheelite
- Tantalite-columbite, Tin
- Uranium, Zinc



SHEET INDEX

WINNING POOL SF 50-13	EDMUND SF 50-14	TURIE CREEK SF 50-15
KENNEDY RANGE SF 50-1	MOUNT PHILLIPS SF 50-2	MOUNT EGGERTON SF 50-3
WOODRAMEL SF 50-6	GLENBURGH SF 50-8	ROBINSON RANGE SF 50-7

Edited by D. Ferdinando and G. Loan
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 This map is also available in digital form
 Published by the Geological Survey of Western Australia. Copies of this map, or extracts from the database, are available from the Mining Information Centre, Department of Minerals and Energy, 100 Plain Street, East Perth, 6004. Phone (08) 9222 3459, Fax (08) 9222 3444

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 MINISTER FOR MINES

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA
 PIETRO GULL, DIRECTOR

SCALE 1:250 000

TRANSVERSE MERCATOR PROJECTION
 Grid lines indicate 20 000 metre interval of the Australian Map Grid Zone 50

Compiled by A.J. Sanders and A.G. Subramanya, 1996
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REGOLITH MATERIALS

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MOUNT PHILLIPS
 SHEET SG 50-2
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