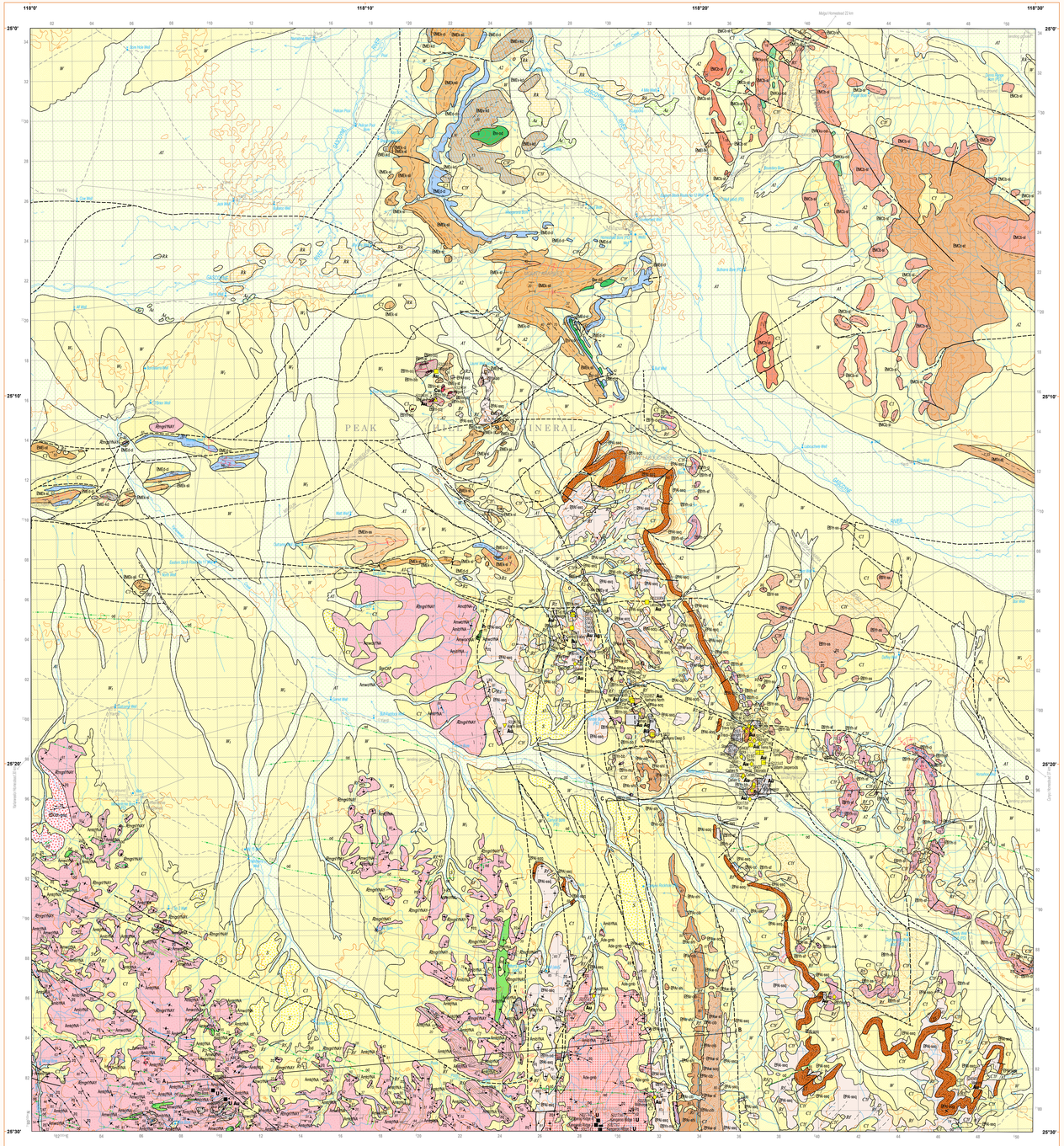
AUSTRALIA 1 : 100 000 GEOLOGICAL SERIES

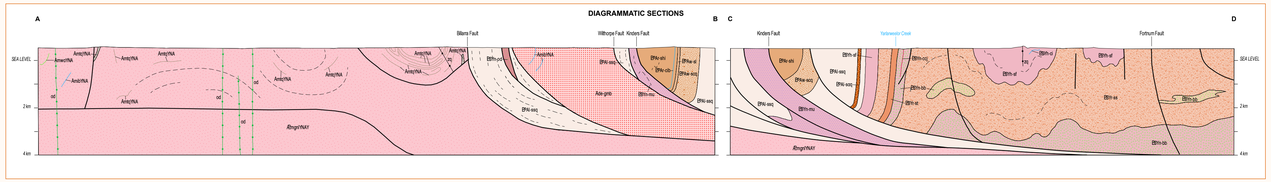
MILGUN

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA

SHEET 2547



DIAGRAMMATIC SECTIONS



Compiled by AM Thorne 2009

Bangemall Supergroup geology by M Elias 1974-75, PC Muhling 1974-76, CF Swager 1985, and AM Thorne 2007

Gascoyne Province, Bryah and Padbury Basins, and Yilgarn Craton geology by M Elias 1974-75, EJ Williams 1975, RD Cox 1977–90, JS Myers and CF Swager 1985, and S Shepperd 1996

Geochronology from GSWA data (published and in preparation) and interpreted from external sources (listed below). Some GSWA geochronology may come from samples obtained on adjoining map sheets. GSWA geochronology data are available online at www.dmp.wa.gov.au/geoview and on DVD (Compilation of geochronology data — updated as required), or can be downloaded from www.dmp.wa.gov.au/dasacentre.

Geochronology by

(1) Sheppard, S et al. 2007, Journal of Metamorphic Geology, v. 25, p. 477–494

Cartography by M Jones

Edited by S Martin

Published by the Geological Survey of Western Australia. Digital and hard copies of the map are available from the Information Centre, Department of Mines and Petroleum, 100 Plain Street, East Perth, WA, 6004.
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The recommended reference for this map is:
Swager, CP, Myers JS and Thorne, AM 2010, Milgun, WA Sheet 2547 (2nd edition): Geological Survey of Western Australia, 1:100 000 Geological Series

PHANEROZOIC — CENOZOIC — QUATERNARY

- **W** — Sheetwash units. *W*: Sandy and clayey distal sheetwash and slope deposits, no clearly defined drainage. *W1*: Silt and sand; surface is characterized by shallow depressions aligned perpendicular to the slope; supports banded mosaic vegetation (tiger bush)
- **A1** — Alluvial unit. *A1*: Unconsolidated, fine-grained deposits in alluvial drainage depressions, claypans, perennial lakes, and swamps; low-lying areas with internal drainage; typically thickly vegetated
- **S** — Sandplain unit. *S*: Quartz sand of mixed origin; includes residual and eolian sands
- **C1 / C1f** — Colluvial units, second generation. *C1*: Quartz and rock fragments in an unconsolidated silt and sand matrix; includes ferruginous deposits. *C1f*: Unconsolidated ferruginous rubble and scree
- **A1** — Alluvial unit, second generation. *A1*: Unconsolidated silt, sand, and gravel in active drainage channels and floodplains; includes ferruginous deposits
- **A2** — Alluvial unit, first generation. *A2*: Partly consolidated silt, sand, and gravel; partly dissected by present-day drainage
- **Rf / Rk / Rz / Rzw** — Residual or relict units. *Rf*: Ferruginous deposits, including laterite, ferruginous, and manganiferous duricrust. *Rk*: Calcrete, developed in, and adjacent to, alluvial channels; carbonate and vuggy opaline silica; dissected by major present-day drainage. *Rz*: Silcrete and brecciated siliceous saprock. *Rzw*: Silica caprock over stromatolitic rock
- **zq / od** — *zq*: Quartz vein or pod; massive, crystalline, or brecciated; age uncertain. *od*: Dolerite dykes, sills, or plugs; fine- to medium-grained dolerite; age uncertain

Muka Tectonic Event (c. 570 Ma)
Edmundian Orogeny (1030–950 Ma)

c. 1070 Ma — **EMKku-od** — **KULKATHARRA DOLERITE:** dolerite and gabbro sills intruded into Edmund Group and Collier Group

PALAEOPROTEROZOIC–MESOPROTEROZOIC

Collier Group

- **EMCc-st** — **CALYE FORMATION:** quartz sandstone, siltstone, mudstone, conglomerate, and dolostone
- **EMCb-st** — **BACKDOOR FORMATION:** siltstone, mudstone, and thin- to thick-bedded sandstone; minor chert and dolostone
- **EMCn-st** — Thin- to thick-bedded sandstone and siltstone

COLLIER BASIN

c. 1465 Ma — **Bm-od** — **WARMBUNNA DOLERITE:** dolerite and gabbro sills intruded into Edmund Group

Edmund Group

- **EMDf-fb** — Felsic volcaniclastic sandstone and breccia
- **EMDm-ss** — **Yanubar Member:** thin- to thick-bedded sandstone and siltstone
- **EMD-st** — **ULLAWARRA FORMATION:** siltstone; subordinate fine-grained sandstone, dolostone, and chert; locally intruded by numerous dolerite sills (not on map)
- **EMDs-ksd** — **DEVIL CREEK FORMATION:** laminated dolostone and dolomitic siltstone; local thick-bedded dolorudite
- **EMDd-st** — **DISCOVERY FORMATION:** massive or laminated chert, silicified mudstone, and siltstone; local silicified sandstone and conglomerate
- **EMDs-st** — **KIANGI CREEK FORMATION:** siltstone, mudstone, and thin- to very thick-bedded quartz sandstone; minor dolostone and conglomerate (not on map)
- **EMDs-ch** — Chert and siltstone
- **EMDs-ssi** — Ferruginous siltstone; minor fine-grained sandstone, commonly manganiferous
- **EMDs-st** — Siltstone; minor fine-grained sandstone
- **EMD-st** — **IRRIGULLY FORMATION:** dromedolitic and non-dromedolitic dolostone, dolomitic siltstone, quartz sandstone, and conglomerate
- **EMD-st** — Sandstone, conglomerate, siltstone, and dolostone
- **EMDy-st** — **YILGATHERRA FORMATION:** sandstone; subordinate siltstone, conglomerate, and dolostone

Bangemall Supergroup

c. 1620 Ma — **Mangaroon Orogeny (1680–1620 Ma)**

- **Bgn-CAP** — Granitic dyke; includes muscovite-bearing leucogranite and pegmatite

GASCOYNE PROVINCE

c. 1620 Ma — Older Granitoids — **EBGn/mb-gm(c)** — **DISCRETION GRANITE:** medium-grained, porphyritic biotite monzogranite; tabular phenocrysts of K-feldspar

c. 1800 Ma — Mafic Suprasuite — **Capricorn Orogeny (1815–1770 Ma)** — **EMD-g** — Undivided; granite and minor gabbro and metamorphosed equivalents (interpreted bedrock geology only)

Glenburgh Orogeny (2005–1950 Ma)

Padbury Group

- **EPAk-sh** — **ROBINSON RANGE FORMATION:** ferruginous shale, siltstone, banded iron-formation, and chert
- **EPAk-cb** — Banded iron-formation
- **EPAk-scq** — **WILTHORPE FORMATION:** pebble to boulder conglomeratic clasts include vein quartz, minor chert, quartz wacke, and granitoid; quartz wacke and finely bedded siltstone; locally chloritic; graded beds
- **EPAk-ss** — Chert
- **EPAk-st** — Siltstone; finely bedded
- **EPAk-wsq** — **LARCOCHERE FORMATION:** quartz wacke and siltstone with local quartz pebble conglomerate beds. Includes zones of quartz schist, quartz–muscovite schist, and minor biotite–muscovite schist; locally with chiastolite, staurolite, and/or andalusite
- **EPAk-cb** — Banded iron-formation and ferruginous chert
- **EPAk-sss** — Quartz arenite; minor interleaved quartz wacke and siltstone
- **EPAk-ch** — Chert

PADBURN BASIN

Bryah Group

- **EBYh-sf** — **HORSEHOE FORMATION:** ferruginous, chloritic shale, and quartz–feldspar wacke; partly manganiferous and calcareous; includes iron formation and chert
- **EBYh-hcl** — Iron formation, quartz–magnetite(–stilpnomelane), white chert lenses
- **EBYh-hc** — Chert
- **EBYh-wss** — **RAVELSTONE FORMATION:** lithic wacke and siltstone; chloritic fragments; graded beds (coeval and interbedded with NARRACOOTA FORMATION)
- **EBYh-sf** — Lithic quartz–feldspar sandstone; interbedded minor siltstone; finely bedded; chloritic matrix
- **EBYh-bb** — **NARRACOOTA FORMATION:** basalt and mafic–ultramafic schist; locally pillowed and plagioclase-phyric; interbedded with volcaniclastic and sedimentary rock (coeval and interbedded with RAVELSTONE FORMATION)
  - EBYh-od — Dolerite; in sills and dykes
  - EBYh-mu — Ultramafic and mafic schist; talc–chlorite–quartz–carbonatic schist and actinolite–chlorite schist
  - EBYh-cq — Jaspercloid chert
  - EBYh-st — Grey to black siltstone; local biotite–chlorite dalsite; as interflow layers within basaltic rocks

BRYAH BASIN

- **Ade-gmb** — **DESPAIR GRANITE:** biotite granite, foliated to locally massive; includes lenses of biotite schist, quartzite, banded iron-formation, amphibolite, and quartzite

ARCHEAN–PALEOPROTEROZOIC

- **Am/pNA** — Foliated quartzite; minor quartz–diopside–pyroxa
- **Am/pNA** — Metamorphosed banded iron-formation; quartz–magnetite–hematitic rocks; grunerite abundant locally
- **Amw/cNA** — Amphibolite; fine- to medium-grained hornblende–plagioclase rock, and medium-grained porphyritic hornblende–plagioclase rock; locally includes metagabbro and metaleucogabbro
- **Amp/cNA** — Amphibolite gneiss; fine- to medium-grained, hornblende–plagioclase–clinopyroxene rock; granoblastic texture
- **Am/tNA** — Fine- to medium-grained serpentine–talc–magnetite–calcite(–tremolite–titanite) rock after peridotite

YILGARN CRATON

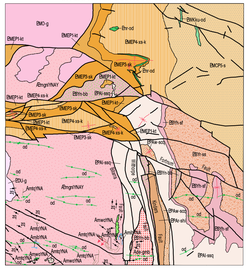
2000–1810 Ma — **Rmgn/YNAf** — Leucocratic granitic gneiss; derived from 2000–2660 Ma biotite granite and granitic gneiss, intruded by sheets and veins of coarse-grained granite and pegmatite (**RMG**–mgmp ; all deformed and metamorphosed at c. 1810 Ma

DATA DIRECTORY

Theme	Data Source	Data Currency	Organization
Geology	GSWA	2010	Dept of Mines and Petroleum
Structural data	WAROX	OCT 2009	Dept of Mines and Petroleum
Mineral sites	MINEDEX.*	OCT 2009	Dept of Mines and Petroleum
Horizontal control	GESMAR	JUL 2007	Landgate
Topographic nomenclature	GEONOMA	2007	Landgate
Topography	Landgate and GSWA field survey	2006	Landgate
Contours	NASA SRTM 90m Digital Elevation Data	2000	Consultative Group for International Agriculture Research — Consortium for Spatial Information

*DMP data can be viewed online <http://www.dmp.wa.gov.au/geoview>, and related datasets can be downloaded from the GSWA Data and Software Centre <http://www.dmp.wa.gov.au/dasacentre>

INTERPRETED BEDROCK GEOLOGY



zq / od — Quartz veins; various ages. Dolerite dykes; various ages

- **EMKku-od** — Kulkatharra Dolerite
- **EMCP1-s** — Depositional Package 5 (Backdoor, Calye Formations) — Collier Group — Collier Basin
- **Em-od** — Nanmburna Dolerite
- **EMDf4-s s s** — Depositional Package 4 (Discovery, Devil Creek, Ullawarra Formations) — Edmund Group — Edmund Basin
- **EMDP3-ss** — Depositional Package 3 (Kiangi Creek Formation)
- **EMDP1-ss** — Depositional Package 1 (Yilgatherra, Irregully Formations)
- **EDU-g** — Dezonton Granite — Mount Egerton Granite — Mount Singleton Granite — Yerida Suite — Moorarie Province
- **EMC-g** — Granite
- **EPAr-sh** — Robinson Range Formation — Padbury Basin
- **EPAw-sc(c)** — Wilthorpe Formation
- **EPAl-sss** — Labouchere Formation
- **EBYh-sf** — Horsehoe Formation — Bryah Basin
- **EBYh-st** — Ravelstone Formation
- **EBYh-bb** — Narracoota Formation — Bryah Group
- **Ade-gmb** — Despair Granite — Bryah Basin
- **Am/pNA** / **Amb/YNA** — Foliated quartzite; Metamorphosed banded iron-formation — Yilgarn Craton
- **Amw/cNA** — Metamorphosed mafic–gneiss rock
- **Rmgn/YNAf** — Leucocratic granitic gneiss

MINERAL SITES

MINERALIZATION STYLES

- Vein and hydrothermal
- Stratabound volcanic and sedimentary
- Stratabound sedimentary
- Regolith hosted
- Undivided

MINERAL AND ROCK COMMODITY GROUPS

- Precious metal
- Base metal
- Energy

OPERATING STATUS AND MINEDEX SITE NUMBER

Mine, shut — e.g. S33254
Mineral deposits — e.g. 3044-kd
Mineral occurrence or prospect — e.g. 0225147

In the MINEDEX database the format Site ID consists of 'S' followed by seven numbers. Site numbers shown on this map are abbreviated for clarity by removing the leading zeros (S). To search for the site numbers in the MINEDEX database you need to insert sufficient leading zeros (S).

e.g. S1234 = S0001234 or S12 = S0000012

MINERAL AND ROCK COMMODITIES

- Copper — Cu
- Gold — Au
- Silver — Ag
- Uranium — U

SHEET INDEX

1 : 100 000 maps shown in black
1 : 250 000 maps shown in grey

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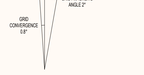

True north, grid north, and magnetic north are shown diagrammatically for the centre of the map. Magnetic north is correct for 2009 and moves easterly by approx. 1°/57 annually

Government of Western Australia
Department of Mines and Petroleum

HON. NORMAN MOORE, M.L.C.
MINISTER FOR MINES AND PETROLEUM

Geological Survey of Western Australia

RICK ROGERSON
ACTING EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

SCALE 1 : 100 000

1000 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
Metres Kilometres

UNIVERSAL TRANSVERSE MERCATOR PROJECTION
HORIZONTAL DATUM: GEOCENTRIC DATUM OF AUSTRALIA 1994
VERTICAL DATUM: AUSTRALIAN HEIGHT DATUM

Grid lines indicate 1000 metre interval of the Map Grid Australia Zone 50

GDA — The Map Grid Australia (MGA) is based on the Geocentric Datum of Australia 1994 (GDA94). GDA94 positions are compatible within one metre of the datum WGS84 positions

MILGUN

SHEET 2547 SECOND EDITION 2010

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